

**Method, System and Agent for Third Generation Partnership Project
(3GPP) Technical Specification (TS) Document Number Exchange**

5 **PRIORITY UNDER 35 U.S.C. S 119(e) & 37 CFR S 1.78**

This nonprovisional patent application claims priority based upon the prior U.S. provisional patent application entitled "Method of IRP Versioning", application number 60/293,802, filed on 05/25/2001, in the names of Andre Godin, Nicolas Gosselin, David McAleer and Edwin Tse.

10

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

Field of the Invention

15 The present invention relates generally to the field of communications networks and, more specifically, to standard identification communications between telecommunications nodes.

Description of the Related Art

20 A communications network typically comprises a plurality of communications nodes, which "speak" to each other by exchanging various classes of messages, representing commands, data, requests, replies, notifications or others, according to the technology and protocol used within each such network. For meaningful communications to take place between communications nodes, the message syntax and semantics must be understood and agreed among
25 the communicating nodes. The document that specifies the syntax and semantics of the messages exchanged between nodes is sometimes called the interface specification, technical specification or protocol. At the operation level, the

Integration Reference Point (IRP) is one of such protocols, through which the communications messages are exchanged between nodes in a management system. There are many types of IRP specifications or protocols, such as for example for fault management (Alarm IRP) and for configuration management
5 (Basic Configuration IRP).

In 3rd Generation Partnership Project (3GPP) based communications environments, the IRP specifications define and control network management-related communications between an Element Management – Network Management node (EM-NM) and the controlled Network Elements nodes (NEs).

10 Various IRP specifications exist for defining communications in a plurality of network management sub-fields. In the fault/alarm management field, one of the most basic needs is to support alarm surveillance. Product specific applications use the Alarm IRP specification to be able to forward alarm notifications from various NEs and to a Fault Monitoring (FM) application.
15 Another IRP specification is the Basic Configuration Management IRP specification that defines and controls the management of topology and logical resources in the managed network (retrieval of the configuration and status of the network elements). Finally, the Performance Monitoring (PM) is achieved according to the Performance Data IRP specification.

20 Reference is now made to Fig. 1.a (Prior Art), which shows a nodal operation and signal flow diagram of a typical prior art scenario for exchanging IRP specification names between two communications nodes. In Fig. 1.a, a management system 100 comprises an IRP Manager 102 that communicates with an IRP Agent 104. For this purpose, the Manager 102 must first know the
25 supported IRP specification and version used and supported by the IRP Agent 104. Each type of IRP specification defines a mandatory method called getXXXIRPVersion(), wherein “XXX” refers to the given type of IRP

specification. For example, the method `getAlarmIRPVersion()` is used for deducting the Alarm IRP specification supported by a given node. With reference to Fig. 1.a (Prior Art), prior to any further communications, the IRP Manager 102 transmits a `getXXXIRPVersion` request message 106 to Agent 104 for inquiring
5 of the Agent's supported IRP specification version, to which the Agent 104 replies with a `getXXXIRPVersion` reply message 108 comprising a parameter 110 indicative of a list of elements, each containing the name and the version number the Agent's supported IRP specifications. In current implementation, an element of the parameter 110 consists of three characters, such as for example "1f1".

10 Reference is now made to Fig. 1.b (Prior Art), which shown a schematic representation of the structure of one element 120 of the parameter 110 returned in the message 108 shown in Fig. 1.a. The element 120 consists of three segments 122, 124 and 126, wherein the first segment 122 refers to the IRP IS version number (which represent the version number of the IRP Information Service), the
15 second segment 124 refers to the type of IRP specification type, and the third segment refers to the IRP SS version number (which represent the version number of the IRP Solution Set). For example, the string "1f1" means that the Agent 104 (shown in Fig. 1.a) implements the IRP IS version number 1 of the ("F", Fault) Alarm IRP specification, IRP SS version number 1.

20 There are three problems with the above way of handling and transmitting the IRP specification name and version. The first problem is that the IRP specifications evolve through the acceptance by the standard body of multiple technical specification Change Requests (CRs) made by industry players. CRs writers do not always take into account if their proposed changes affect the IRP
25 version number or not. CR writers typically do not suggest to change the constant strings representing the notification categories in the `NotificationIRPConstDefs` IDL file, an Interface Description Language (IDL). Referring to Fig 1.a, the

notification categories are represented by the parameter 110 comprised in message 108. If the constant strings representing the notification categories are not adequately changed in the NotificationIRPConstDefs IDL file (not shown in Fig. 1.a; information from the IDL file defines the IRP type and version number, and is compiled by the Agent for the generation of the appropriate parameter 110) as and when required by CRs, which oftentimes occurs nowadays, IRP Manager 102 may be given the erroneous IRP version supported by the Agent 104.

The second problem is the lack of clear understanding of the standard body members on how to handle multiple CRs, where some CRs affect backward compatibility while others do not. By not considering that some CRs affect backward compatibility or by processing CRs in the wrong order, the process may end-up by having wrong values for constant strings representing the notification categories, such as the values sent in parameter 110 of Fig. 1.a.

Finally, the third problem is that whenever a version number of any IRP specification is changed, it also requires a new version number for the given Notification IRP specification, since all the constant strings representing the notification categories are defined in a NotificationIRPConstDefs IDL file, which is included in a Notification IRP SS document. Consistent reviews of all IRP specifications impacted by an accepted CR are not always performed by the standard body, which sometimes creates transmission confusion and errors between interconnected nodes implementing signalling based upon the given IRP specification.

Accordingly, it should be readily appreciated that in order to overcome the deficiencies and shortcomings of the existing solutions, it would be advantageous to have a scheme that unequivocally identifies a technical specification (protocol) used by co-operating nodes. The present invention provides such a solution.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

In one aspect, the present invention is a method for transmitting an indication of a communications protocol supported by a first communications node, the method comprising the steps of:

- i) transmitting from a second communications node to the first communications node a request for a protocol supported by the first communications node; and
- ii) responsive to the request, transmitting a reply message comprising a parameter indicative of a Third Generation Partnership Project (3GPP) Technical Specification (TS) document number defining at least a protocol supported by the first communications node.

In another aspect, the present invention is a management system comprising:

- a second node;
- a first node receiving from the second communications node a request for a protocol supported by the first communications node;

wherein responsive to the request, the first node transmits to the second node a reply message comprising a parameter indicative of a Third Generation Partnership Project (3GPP) Technical Specification (TS) document number defining at least a protocol supported by the first communications node.

In yet another aspect, the present invention is an agent receiving from a manager a request for a protocol supported by the Agent, and responsive to the request, transmitting a reply message comprising a parameter indicative of a Third Generation Partnership Project (3GPP) Technical Specification (TS) document number defining at least a protocol supported by the agent.

Brief Description of the Drawings

For a more detailed understanding of the invention, for further objects and
5 advantages thereof, reference can now be made to the following description, taken
in conjunction with the accompanying drawings, in which:

Figure 1.a (Prior Art) is a nodal operation and signal flow diagram of a
typical prior art scenario for exchanging Integration Reference Point (IRP)
specification names and versions between two communications nodes;

10 Figure 1.b (Prior Art) is a schematic representation of the structure of an
element of the getXXXIRPVersion reply message used in a typical prior art
scenario for exchanging IRP specification names and versions between two
communications nodes;

Figure 2.a is a nodal operation and signal flow diagram illustrative of the
15 preferred embodiment of the present invention related to the use of the Third
Generation Partnership Project (3GPP) document number in communications
between cooperating nodes in a network management system; and

Figure 2.b is an exemplary flowchart diagram illustrative of the set-up of
an exemplary abridged technical specification version number computed
20 according to the preferred embodiment of the present invention.

Detailed Description of the Preferred Embodiments

The innovative teachings of the present invention will be described with
particular reference to numerous exemplary embodiments. However, it should be
25 understood that this class of embodiments provides only a few examples of the
many advantageous uses of the innovative teachings of the invention. In general,
statements made in the specification of the present application do not necessarily

limit any of the various claimed aspects of the present invention. Moreover, some statements may apply to some inventive features but not to others. In the drawings, like or similar elements are designated with identical reference numerals throughout the several views, and the various elements depicted are not necessarily drawn to scale.

The Third Generation Partnership Project (3GPP) assigns document numbers, such as for example the document number "3GPP TS 32.106-3 v3.2.0" to each 3GPP technical specification it publishes. IDL files and GDMO (General Definition of Managed Objects) definitions, which represent the protocol interface and the managed object model to support, are part of the 3GPP technical specification having a unique document number. Therefore, the present invention proposes to use the 3GPP document number of each 3GPP technical specification in order to unambiguously identify the IDL files and GDMO definitions used by each node in communications between cooperating nodes of a communications network.

Referring now to Fig. 2.a, depicted therein is a nodal operation and signal flow diagram illustrative of the preferred embodiment of the present invention related to the use of the 3GPP document number in communications between cooperating nodes in a network management system. The network management system 200 comprises an Agent 202 in communication with a Manager 204. Prior to exchanging any message, the Manager 204 must know the protocol used and supported by the Agent 202. For example, the Manager 204 may inquire of the supported technical specification (protocol) used by the cooperating Agent 202 (the IDL definition it supports) by sending a GetXXXIRPVersion request message 210 to the Agent 202. Upon receipt of the request message 210, according to the preferred embodiment of the invention, the Agent computes (including retrieving from a memory) an abridged technical specification version

number that uniquely identifies the used protocol, action 212, and returns the abridged technical specification version number 214 to the Manager 204 in a GetXXXIRPVersion reply message 216. If the Agent 202 supports multiple versions of the alarm IRP:SS (the Alarm IRP Solution Set), then the Agent
5 includes in the reply message 216 a plurality of abridged version numbers, each of which identifies a specific version of 3GPP Alarm IRP:SS technical specification. In this manner, the Manager 204 is informed of all the Alarm IRP:SS technical specifications supported by the Agent 202. Based on this first exchange, Manager 204 knows exactly which protocol to use to send requests to Agent 202.

10 Reference is now made to Fig. 2.b, which shows an exemplary flowchart diagram illustrative of a set-up of an exemplary abridged technical specification version number that may be computed in step 212 of Fig. 2.a. According to the invention, the method starts at 300 with the full name of a 3GPP technical specification, such as for example with "3GPP TS 32.106-3 v3.2.0" 302. At step
15 304, the method discard the header of the technical specification name, and the name is reduced to the string "32.106-3 v3.2.0" 306. At step 308, the method discards all characters after (and including) the last period, and the string name is further reduced to "32.106-3 v3.2" 310. Finally, at step 312, the method eliminates all white spaces from the remaining string and capitalizes the final
20 string, that becomes the computed abridged technical specification version number "32.106-3V3.2" 214.

Reference is now made back to Fig. 2.a, which further shows another use of the abridged technical specification version number according to the preferred embodiment of the invention. The Manager 204 transmits a
25 GetNotificationCategory request message 220 for inquiring of the technical specification version of the alarm notifications sent by the Agent 202. The Agent 202 receives the request 220, and computes the abridged technical specification

version number in the manner already described with relation to Fig. 2.b. Then the Agent 202 returns the abridged technical specification version number 214 to the Manager 204 in a GetNotificationCategory reply message 222. Following message 222, all the alarm notifications 224 and 226 sent by the Agent 202 to
5 Manager 204 comprise the abridged technical specification version number 214 in their header so that Manager 204 knows exactly the format of the notification it receives from Agent 202.

Fig. 2.a further shows yet another use of the abridged technical specification version number according to the preferred embodiment of the
10 invention. The Manager 204 may transmit a GetNetworkResourceSchemaID request message 240 for inquiring of the set of Managed Object Classes (e.g. Generic NRM, UTRAN NRM) of the network resource schema identification. The set of Managed Object Classes of the network resource schema identification defines all the Managed Object classes and their attributes. The Agent 202
15 computes the technical specification version number of the supported technical specification, as previously described with relation to Fig. 2.a. For example, if the Agent 202 supports one particular version of the Generic NRM and one particular version of the UTRAN (UMTS Terrestrial Radio Access Network) NRM, the
getNetworkResourceSchemaId() reply message 242 to the
20 getNetworkResourceSchemaId() request message 240 may contain two abridged version numbers 214₁ and 214₂, each of which identifies a specific 3GPP specification. If the Agent 202 supports two particular versions, one of which is backward compatible to the other, of the Generic NRM, the
getNetworkResourceSchemaId() reply message 242 also contains two abridged
25 version numbers, each of which identifies a specific supported version of the 3GPP specification.

Based upon the foregoing, it should now be apparent to those of ordinary skill in the art that the present invention provides an advantageous solution, which offers unambiguous identification of the appropriate technical specification (protocol) used by cooperating nodes. Therefore, the invention simplifies the handling of the standard change request process, eliminates the need to update constant strings in IDL file(s), and allows for unambiguous identification of the protocol used by cooperating nodes. It should be realized upon reference hereto that the innovative teachings contained herein are not necessarily limited to the disclosed examples. For example, although the invention has been described with reference to communications between an agent and a manager of a management system, it is understood that the invention is also applicable to any kind of networks and network nodes. It is believed that the operation and construction of the present invention will be apparent from the foregoing description. While the method and system shown and described have been characterized as being preferred, it will be readily apparent that various changes and modifications could be made therein without departing from the scope of the invention as defined by the claims set forth hereinbelow.

Although several preferred embodiments of the method and system of the present invention have been illustrated in the accompanying Drawings and described in the foregoing Detailed Description, it will be understood that the invention is not limited to the embodiments disclosed, but is capable of numerous rearrangements, modifications and substitutions without departing from the spirit of the invention as set forth and defined by the following claims.